Instructions for Use Life Science Kits & Assays



innuPREP Plant DNA I Kit – IPC16



Order No.:

845-IPS-151601616 reactions845-IPS-151609696 reactions845-IPP-151609616 reactions845-IPP-151609696 reactions845-IPP-1516480480 reactions

IPS = Kit contains prefilled reagent strips for processing individual samples IPP = Kit contains prefilled reagent plates for running 8 samples in parallel Note: Prefilled reagent strips and reagent plates can be used in parallel in the InnuPure[®] C16.

Publication No.: HB_IP-1516_e_180406

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1 Introduction

1.1 Intended use

The innuPREP Plant DNA I Kit - IPC16 has been designed for automated isolation of DNA from plant samples using the InnuPure[®] C16 / C16 *touch*. The extraction procedure is based on a new-patented chemistry.

The procedure starts with an external lysis step of homogenized plant material followed by the automated extraction of genomic DNA. The kit has been tested for isolation of genomic DNA from leafs, fruits, woods, needles as well as seeds. The starting material can be fresh or frozen. For optimal lysis of plant material the kit contains three different Lysis Solutions. Following lysis the samples are cleared by centrifugation, precipitation and/or filtration using a Prefilter. The samples are then transferred into the Reagent Strip or Reagent Plate of the kit, which is already prefilled with all extraction reagents needed for the extraction process. The following extraction process runs automatically on the InnuPure® C16 / C16 *touch* and is based on binding of the DNA on surface modified magnetic particles. After washing steps the nucleic acid is eluted and is now ready to use for downstream applications. The extraction chemistry in combination with the InnuPure® C16 / C16 *touch* protocol are optimized to get maximum of yield and quality.

NOTE

For samples with high content of phenolic ingredients or wood samples the innuPREP Plant DNA II Kit - IPC16 is recommended!

CONSULT INSTRUCTION FOR USE

ĺ

This package insert must be read carefully prior to use. Package insert instructions must be followed accordingly. Reliability of results cannot be guaranteed if there are any deviations from the instructions in this package insert.

1.2 Notes on the use of this manual

For easy reference and orientation, the manual uses the following warning and information symbols as well as the shown methodology:

Symbol	Information
REF	REF Catalogue number.
\sum_{N} N	Content Contains sufficient reagents for <n> tests.</n>
15°C	Storage conditions Store at room temperature, unless otherwise specified.
Ĺ	Consult instructions for use This information must be observed to avoid improper use of the kit and the kit components.
\Box	Expiry date
LOT	Lot number The number of the kit charge.
	Manufactured by Contact information of manufacturer.
(For single use only Do not use components for a second time.
	Note / Attention Observe the notes marked in this way to ensure correct function of the device and to avoid operating errors for obtaining correct re- sults.

2 Safety precautions

NOTE

Read through this chapter carefully prior to use to guarantee your own safety and a trouble-free operation.

Follow all the safety instructions explained in the manual, as well as all messages and information, which are shown.

All due care and attention should be exercised in handling the materials and reagents contained in the kit. Always wear gloves while handling these reagents and avoid any skin contact! In case of contact, flush eyes or skin with a large amount of water immediately.



FOR SINGLE USE ONLY!

This kit is made for single use only!

ATTENTION!

Don't eat or drink components of the kit! The kit is designed to be handled by educated personnel in a laboratory environment!

If bottles or plates are damaged or leaking, wear gloves and protective goggles when discarding the bottles or plates in order to avoid any injuries. This kit is to be used with potential infectious human samples. Therefore, all liquid waste must be considered as potentially infectious and must be handled and discarded according to local safety regulation.

Please observe the federal, state and local safety and environmental regulations. Follow the usual precautions for applications using extracted nucleic acids. All materials and reagents used for DNA or RNA isolation should be free of DNases or RNases.

ATTENTION!

Do not add bleach or acidic components to the waste after sample preparation!

NOTE

Emergency medical information in English and German can be obtained 24 hours a day from:

Poison Information Center, Freiburg / Germany Phone: +49 (0)761 19 240.

For more information, please ask for the material Safety Data Sheets.

3 Storage conditions

Store lyophilized **Proteinase K** at 4 °C to 8 °C! Divide dissolved **Proteinase K** into aliquots and storage at -22 °C to -18 °C is recommended. Repeated freezing and thawing will reduce the activity dramatically!

All other components of the innuPREP Plant DNA I Kit – IPC16 should be stored dry at room temperature (15 °C to 30 °C). When stored at room temperature, the kit is stable until the expiration date printed on the label on the kit box.

Before every use make sure that all components have room temperature. If there are any precipitates within the provided solutions dissolve these precipitates by careful warming.

For further information see chapter "Kit components" p. 8.

4 Functional testing and technical assistance

The Analytik Jena AG guarantees the correct function of the kit for applications as described in the manual. This product has been produced and tested in an ISO 13485 certified facility.

We reserve the right to change or modify our products to enhance their performance and design. If you have any questions or problems regarding any aspects of the innuPREP Plant DNA I Kit – IPC16 or other Analytik Jena AG products, please do not hesitate to contact us.

For technical support or further information in Germany please dial +49 36 41 / 77 94 00. For other countries please contact your local distributor.

5 Product use and warranty

The kit is not designed for the usage of other starting materials or other amounts of starting materials than those, referred to in the manual (\rightarrow "Intended use" p. 3) (\rightarrow "Product specifications" p. 13). Since the performance characteristics of Analytik Jena AG kits have just been validated for the application described above, the user is responsible for the validation of the performance of Analytik Jena AG kits using other protocols than those described below. Analytik Jena AG kits may be used in clinical diagnostic laboratory systems after the laboratory has validated the complete diagnostic system as required by CLIA' 88 regulations in the U.S. or equivalent regulations required in other countries.

All products sold by the Analytik Jena AG are subjected to extensive quality control procedures and are warranted to perform as described when used correctly. Any problems should be reported immediately.

6 Kit components

IMPORTANT

Store lyophilized **Proteinase K** at $4 \degree$ C to $8 \degree$ C. Divide dissolved **Proteinase K** into aliquots. Storage at -22 °C to -18 °C is recommended. Repeated freezing and thawing will reduce the activity dramatically!

15°C

STORAGE CONDITIONS

All other components are stored at room temperature.

	\sum_{16}	<u>ک</u> 96	<u>ک</u> 480
REF	845-IP[S/P]-1516016	845-IP[S/P]-1516096	845-IPP-1516480
Lysis Solution SLS	12 ml	60 ml	260 ml
Lysis Solution OPT	10 ml	2 x 25 ml	2 x 125 ml
Lysis Solution CBV	10 ml	2 x 25 ml	250 ml
Proteinase K	For 2 x 0.3 ml working solution	For 2 x 1.5 ml working solution	For 7 x 1.5 ml working solution
Precipitation Buffer P	6 ml	2 x 6 ml	2 x 30 ml
Prefilter	16	2 x 50	10 x 50
Receiver Tubes	20	2 x 50	10 x 50
Reagent Strip C* (* Depending of order)	16 (pre-filled, sealed)	96 (pre-filled, sealed)	
Reagent Plate C* (* Depending of order)	2 (pre-filled, sealed)	12 (pre-filled, sealed)	60 (pre-filled, sealed)
Filter Tips	2 x 16	2 x 96	10 x 96
Elution Tubes (0.65 ml)	16	2 x 48	10 x 48
Elution Caps (Stripes)	2	12	5 x 12

Elution Stripes	2	12	5 x 12
Manual	1	1	1
Initial steps	Proteinase K Dissolve Protein- ase K by addition of 0.3 ml of ddH ₂ O, mix thoroughly and store as described above.	Proteinase K Dissolve Proteinase ddH ₂ O, mix thoroug above.	K by addition of 1.5 ml of hly and store as described

COMPONENTS NOT INCLUDED IN THE KIT

- 1.5 ml or 2.0 ml tubes
- ddH₂O for dissolving Proteinase K
- innuPREP Lysis Tube P (Order-no. 845-CS-1020050, -1020100)
- 2.0 ml tubes, optional
- RNase A (10 mg/ ml), optional

7 Recommended steps before starting

- Ensure that the Proteinase K has been prepared according to the instruction (→ "Kit components" p. 8).
- Heat thermal mixer or water bath at 65 °C.
- Avoid freezing and thawing of starting material.
- Centrifugation steps should be carried out at room temperature.
- Invert the Reagent Plate for 3–4 times and thump it onto a table to collect the prefilled solutions at the bottom of the wells.

8 GHS Classification

Component	Hazard contents	GHS Symbol	Hazard phrases	Precaution phrases	EUH
Lysis Solu- tion SLS	Cetrimonium Bromide 1-2.5 % Ammonium Chloride 10-25 %	D anger	319, 400	101, 102, 103, 264, 273, 280, 305+351+338, 501	
Reagent Plate C	Guanidinium thiocyanate 25-50 % Ethanol 50-100 % Propan-2-Ol 50-100 % Polyethylene Glycol Octylphenol Ether 25-50 %	Danger	225, 302, 314, 336, 411	101, 102, 103, 210, 303+361+353, 305+351+338, 310, 405, 501	032
Proteinase K	Proteinase, engyodontium album 50-100 %	D anger	315, 317, 319, 334, 335	101, 102, 103, 261, 280, 305+351+338, 342+311, 405, 501	
Precipitation Buffer P	Acetic Acid 10-25 %	() Attention	315, 319	101, 102, 103, 280, 302+352, 305+351+338, 332+313, 362	

8.1 Hazard phrases

- 225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- 302 Harmful if swallowed.
- 314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- 315 Causes skin irritation.
- 317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- 319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- 334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- 335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- 336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- 400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- 411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

8.2 Precaution phrases

101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. 102 Keep out of reach of children. 103 Read label before use. 210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. 260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. 261 Wash thoroughly after handling. 264 273 Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ eye protection/face 280 protection. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. 310 362 Take off contaminated clothing. 405 Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with lo-501 cal/regional/national/international regulations. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON 342+311 CENTER/doctor. 303+361+ IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. 353 305+351+ IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove 338 contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. 332+313 302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

8.3 EU hazard statements

032 Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

9 Product specifications

- 1. Starting material:
 - Plant samples as leafs, fruits, woods, needles, seed
 - fresh, frozen or dried starting material
 - 50 100 mg dry weight or
 - 120 180 mg wet weight

NOTE

For starting material with high proportion of phenol we recommend using innuPREP Plant DNA II Kit – IPC16.

2. Time for isolation:

Preliminary steps:

approx. 1 hour

Extraction protocol	Protocol on In- nuPure®C16 / C16 touch	Time In- nuPure [®] C16 / C16 touch	Elution volumes
Ext_Lysis_200_C16_04/ External Lysis 200µl - 05	200 µl	55 / 52 min	20-500 µl
Ext_Lysis_200_Fast_C16_04/ External Lysis 200µl – Fast – 05	200 µl	43 / 41 min	20-500 µl

- 3. Typical yield:
 - depends on type and amount of the starting material
 - the amount of DNA that can be expected per mg of sample and depends on the size and ploidy of the genome

10 Homogenization and lysis of plant samples

In case plant samples are not processed immediately after harvesting, it can be:

- kept at 4 °C to 8 °C for 24 hours
- lyophilized/dried within 24 hours of collection and store at 15 °C to 30 °C
- frozen at -18 °C to -22 °C (long time storage at -78 °C to 82 °C)
- stored in liquid nitrogen

It is recommended to collect young materials (e.g. leaves, needles) since they contain more cells per weight and therefore result in higher yields of DNA extracted. In addition, young leaves and needles contain smaller amounts of polysaccharides and polyphenolics and are therefore easier to process. Complete and quick disruption of starting material is essential to ensure high DNA yields and to avoid DNA degradation. The lysis procedure is most effective with well-homogenized, powdered samples. Suitable methods include any type of commercial homogenizers (rotor-stator homogenizer) or bead mills (e.g. SpeedMill PLUS, Analytik Jena AG) using ceramic beads. However, we recommend grinding with a mortar and pestle in the presence of liquid nitrogen to obtain optimal yields. When using tissues other than leaves, the disruption method may require optimization to ensure maximum DNA yield and quality. After homogenization and treatment of the sample with lysis solution, the crude lysate can be cleared easily either with Prefilters or by centrifugation.

10.1 Disruption of starting material using a mortar and pestle

Use mortar and pestle to grind the plant sample in the presence of liquid nitrogen to a fine powder. Freeze plant material in liquid nitrogen and be careful during homogenization, because do not let the sample thaw at any time. We recommend precooling the used laboratory equipment and using precooled tubes for sample storage until lysis step. Make sure no liquid nitrogen is transferred or all nitrogen has evaporated before closing the tube.

10.2 Disruption of starting material using bead mill homogenizers

Use 0,5 g ceramic beads (e.g. 2,4 – 2,6 mm ceramic beads – Lysis Tube P, Analytik Jena AG) for plant material and leaves or 4 - 5 steel beads in a mixture (e.g. 4,7 mm diameter steel beads – Lysis Tube Z, Analytik Jena AG) for seeds, rice and needles.

Pipette 50 μ l ddH₂O to the plant material and homogenize for about 30 seconds (e.g. SpeedMill PLUS, Analytik Jena AG). Repeat the homogenization procedure until the entire plant material is ground to a fine solution.

It is also possible to chill the tube in liquid nitrogen. After the homogenization, as described above, chill the tube once more and remove the beads by rolling them out gently or using a magnet. Keep the material frozen throughout the whole homogenization procedure. Do not add nitrogen to the tube since this leads to sticking and loss of plant material attached to the beads.

10.3 Disruption of starting material using a Rotor-stator homogenizer

Rotor-stator homogenizers are only useful to disrupt soft plants in the presence of lysis solution. Keep homogenizer submerged at all times to reduce foaming.

10.4 Lysis of plant samples

NOTE

To obtain optimal DNA yield, it might be advantageous to process a higher than the recommended sample mass. However, to ensure a complete lysis, all lysis solution volumes have to be increased proportionally.

Plants are very heterogeneous and contain varying amounts of polyphenols, acidic components, or polysaccharides which can lead to suboptimal DNA extraction or performance in downstream applications. Therefore, three different lysis solutions are provided for optimal processing, purification performance, high yields and an excellent DNA quality for the most common plant species.

The standard protocol uses Lysis Solution SLS, containing CTAB as detergent component. Additionally, the SDS based Lysis Solution OPT is provided which requires subsequent precipitation step to remove all impurities by Precipitation Buffer P. For some plant species a third Lysis Solution CBV leads to higher yield than the both other Lysis Solutions. Lysis Solution CBV requires a subsequent precipitation step, too.

NOTE

In order to find optimal lysis conditions when using a certain plant sample for the first time, it is recommended to do side-by-side preparations of one batch of homogeneously ground material with the three different lysis solutions.

10.5 Application example

The following example of application illustrates the effects of different lysis solutions on yield and quality of the extracted genomic DNA.

Isolation of gDNA from parsley (*Petroselinum crispum*) using the three different lysis solutions SLS, OPT and CBV. The spectrophotometric measurement shows different results depending on the lysis solution used.



Fig. 1: Lysis Solution SLS

(yield: 16.8 ng/µl; purity (A₂₆₀/A₂₃₀): 1.76)



Fig. 2: Lysis Solution OPT (yield: 7.0 ng/µl; purity (A₂₆₀/A₂₃₀): 0.65)



Fig. 3: Lysis Solution CBV

(yield: 59.0 ng/µl ;purity (A₂₆₀/A₂₃₀): 2.30)

NOTE

For a large variety of plant species, either lysis solution generates good results.

11 Protocol

11.1 Homogenization of plant material

NOTE

The lysis of the starting material is a preliminary manual processing step. To maximize the final yield of DNA a complete homogenization of plant sample is important!

- 1. Homogenization of about **50 100 mg** of **starting material** by:
 - pestle under liquid N₂. or
 - pestle in present of sand or
 - Homogenizators (e.g. SpeedMill PLUS, Analytik Jena AG)

NOTE

Use 120–180 mg of starting material if the plant material has a high water. Please note chapter "Homogenization and lysis of plant samples" on p. 14.

2. Choosing protocol for lysis of plant material

Lysis Solution SLS	Protocol 1	(→p. 19)
Lysis Solution OPT	Protocol 2	(→p. 20)
Lysis Solution CBV	Protocol 3.	(→p. 21)

NOTE

In order to find optimal lysis conditions when using a certain plant sample for the first time, it is recommended to do side-by-side preparations of one batch of homogeneously ground material with the three different lysis solutions.

11.2 Protocol 1: gDNA from plant using Lysis Solution SLS

- Transfer the plant powder or other homogenized starting material in a 1.5 ml or 2.0 ml reaction tube. Add 500 μl Lysis Solution SLS and 20 μl Proteinase K, mix vigorously by pulsed vortexing for 5 seconds.
- 2. Incubate at 65 °C for 30 minutes to 60 minutes.

NOTE

We recommend to use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or another rocking platform) for a continuous shaking of the sample. Vortex the sample optionally 3–4 times during lysis step. No shaking will reduce the lysis efficiency.

3. Transfer the sample onto a Prefilter located in a Receiver Tube and centrifuges the tube at $11,000 \times g$ (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the Prefilter. The filtrate is used for automated extraction.

NOTE

Don't discard the Receiver Tube with the filtrate! Don't discard the pellet at the bottom of the Receiver Tube.

NOTE

To remove RNA from the sample (if necessary) add $1-2 \mu l$ of RNase A solution (10 mg/ml) to the filtrate, vortex shortly and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.

 Proceed with automated extraction (→ "Preparing Reagent Plate / Strip for automated extraction ", p. 22).

11.3 Protocol 2: gDNA from plant using Lysis Solution OPT

- 1. Transfer the plant powder or other homogenized starting material in a 1.5 ml or 2.0 ml reaction tube. Add **500 µl Lysis Solution OPT**, mix vigorously by pulsed vortexing for 5 seconds.
- 2. Incubate at 65 °C for 30 minutes to 60 minutes.

NOTE

We recommend to use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or another rocking platform) for a continuous shaking of the sample. Vortex the sample optionally 3–4 times during lysis step. No shaking will reduce the lysis efficiency.

- 3. Add **100 μl Precipitation Buffer P** and vortex the sample for 5 seconds. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes and centrifuge at maximum speed for 5 minutes.
- 4. Transfer the clear supernatant onto a Prefilter located in a Receiver Tube and centrifuges the tube at $11,000 \times g$ (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the Prefilter. The filtrate is used for automated extraction.

NOTE

Don't discard the Receiver Tube with the filtrate! Don't discard the pellet at the bottom of the Receiver Tube.

NOTE

To remove RNA from the sample (if necessary) add $1-2 \mu l$ of RNase A solution (10 mg/ml) to the filtrate, vortex shortly and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.

5. Proceed with automated extraction (→ "Preparing Reagent Plate / Strip for automated extraction ", p. 22).

11.4 Protocol 3: gDNA from plant using Lysis Solution CBV

 Transfer the plant powder or other homogenized starting material in a 1.5 ml or 2.0 ml reaction tube. Add 500 µl Lysis Solution CBV and 20 µl Proteinase K, mix vigorously by pulsed vortexing for 5 seconds.

NOTE

We recommend to use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or another rocking platform) for a continuous shaking of the sample. Vortex the sample optionally 3–4 times during lysis step. No shaking will reduce the lysis efficiency.

- 2. Incubate at 65 °C for 30 minutes to 60 minutes).
- Add 100 μl Precipitation Buffer P and vortex the sample for 5 seconds. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes and centrifuge at maximum speed for 5 minutes.
- Transfer the clear supernatant onto a Prefilter located in a Receiver Tube and centrifuges the tube at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the Prefilter. The filtrate is used for automated extraction.

NOTE

Don't discard the Receiver Tube with the filtrate! Don't discard the pellet at the bottom of the Receiver Tube.

Note

To remove RNA from the sample (if necessary) add $1-2 \mu$ l of RNase A solution (10 mg/ml) to the filtrate, vortex shortly and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.

 6. Proceed with automated extraction (→ "Preparing Reagent Plate / Strip for automated extraction ", p. 22).

12 Preparing Reagent Plate / Strip for automated extraction

12.1 General filling scheme of reagent reservoir



Cavity 1:	Magnetic particles	Cavity 7:	Washing Solution
Cavity 2:	Empty	Cavity 8:	Washing Solution
Cavity 3:	Empty	Cavity 9:	Washing Solution
Cavity 4:	Empty	Cavity 10:	Washing Solution
Cavity 5:	Empty	Cavity 11:	Empty
Cavity 6:	Binding Solution	Cavity 12:	Elution Buffer

12.2 Unpacking of Reagent Plate or Reagent Strip

NOTE

According to transport regulations Reagent Reservoirs are wrapped into plastic bags only when transported by airplane.



Reagent Plates or Reagent Strips are delivered wrapped into plastic bags for transport protection.

Carefully open the overpack of Reagent Plates or Strips by using scissors.

12.3 Piercing of sealing foil of Reagent Plate or Reagent Strip

NOTE

Before using Reagent Plates or Strips the sealing foil has to be pierced manually. Always wear gloves while piercing of the foil!



Reagent Plates or Strips are prefilled with extraction reagents and are sealed with a foil. Prior to use this foil has to be pierced manually, by using the piercing tools (single piercer or 8fold piercer).

Keep the Reagent Plates or Strips in a horizontal position to avoid spilling of the reagents while piercing of the foil.

Open all cavities (one row per sample).

Using 8 samples in parallel



Using single samples







Using Reagent Strips



IMPORTANT

Use single or eightfold piercing tool for opening of <u>all</u> cavities of one row per sample!

12.4 Loading the sample to InnuPure[®] C16 / C16 touch

- Ensure the foils of Reagent Plate or Reagent strips have been pierced
 (→ "Preparing Reagent Plate / Strip for automated extraction" p. 22).
- 2. Transfer **400** µl of lysed sample into the <u>third cavity</u> of Reagent Strip or Reagent Plate. Avoid carry-over of residual solid material!

NOTE

The sample will be processed using the InnuPure[®] C16 / C16 *touch*. Please follow the instructions of chapter 13 on p. 27.

13 Automated extraction using InnuPure[®] C16 / C16 touch

13.1 Sample tray of InnuPure[®] C16 / C16 touch



No. 1:	Filter tips
No. 2:	Elution vessels for purified samples
No. 3:	Tip block
No. 4:	Holding-down clamp
No. 5:	Sample block for Reagent Plates or adapter for Reagent Strips
No. 6:	Serrated guide rail (C16 touch: non-serrated)
No. 7:	Adapter for Reagent Strips

13.2 Preparing sample tray of InnuPure[®] C16 / C16 touch

NOTE

The needed number of Reagent Strips or Reagent Plates is depending on the number of samples, which have to be processed. Don't use more strips as number of samples!

- 1. Place the InnuPure[®] C16 / C16 *touch* sample tray into the priming station and fold the holding-down clamp at the sample tray upwards!
- 2. Place the Reagent Plate or an adapter with Reagent Strips into the holder of the sample tray. Using Reagent Plates, the notched corner of the Reagent Plate has to align with the colored dot at the holder. Using adapters and Reagent Strips, the colored dot of the adapter has to align with the colored dot at the holder and Reagent Strips have to be inserted in a way that the "AJ" labels are arranged at the side of the adapter which is more distant from the tip block.

Reagent Plate

The notched corners of the Reagent Plate must point to the colored dot on the holder.





Reagent Strips

Place the Reagent Strips into the adapter. The long tab marked with the label "AJ" must point to the side of the adapter which is more distant from the tip block.



CAUTION

Both holders have to be equipped with a Reagent Plate or Reagent Strips. If applicable use an empty or dummy plate for the respective holder.

- 3. Fold down the holding-down clamp to prevent the Reagent Plates to be pulled out of the holder during the extraction process.
- 4. For each extracted sample place two filter tips in the smaller drill holes of the tip block.
- 5. Place the Elution Tubes into the wider drill hole at the edge of the tip block. Empty sample positions do not need to be filled.

NOTE

Especially with the Reagent Strips make sure that for every strip the tips and the elution vessel are in the corresponding positions in the tip block!

IMPORTANT NOTE

It is possible to select between two different elution vessels! For small elution volumes up to 200 μ l use Elution Strips (0.2 ml). For high elution volumes up to 500 μ l use Elution Tubes (0.65 ml) with corresponding Elution Caps (Strips).

13.3 Starting the InnuPure[®] C16

- 1. Switch on the InnuPure[®] C16 and wait for the device initialization to complete, which is signaled by a beeping sound.
- 2. Move the loaded sample tray with the Reagent Strips or Reagent Plates forward into the sample tray adapter on the front of the InnuPure[®] C16. The serrated rails at the side of the sample tray must protrude into the grooves of the adapter. After pressing lightly against the tip block the sample tray is automatically pulled into the device.



IMPORTANT – CAUTION Risk of crushing

Immediately let go of the sample tray once it is being pulled in. Otherwise there is a risk of your hand being crushed. 3. After pressing [Select Protocol] choose an appropriate extraction protocol on InnuPure[®] C16 and press [Start]:

Extraction procedure	Protocol on InnuPure [®] C16
Standard (maximum yield, approx. 55 minutes)	Ext_Lysis_200_C16_04
Fast (time-optimized, approx. 43 minutes)	Ext_Lysis_200_Fast_C16_04

4. Enter the recommended elution Volume of **200 μl** and press [OK].

NOTE

It is possible to adjust the volume values from 20 μ l to 500 μ l.

5. If needed, choose log-file and enter sample ID's, press [OK] or [CANCEL].

NOTE

It is possible to enter sample ID's and to create a run logfile. Find more detailed information how to start an extraction protocol using InnuPure[®] C16 on page 37 of the user manual "6.3.5 Using the sample setup tool"!

6. After completion of the protocol press [NEXT] and the sample tray is then automatically moved out of the device.

NOTE

The chosen protocol is performed by the device and after the protocol is finished, the tray with the purified samples will be moved out after pressing [NEXT] and the message 'Program finished' is shown on the screen of the device!

- 7. Remove the sample tray from the adapter of the InnuPure[®] C16 and place it back into the priming station.
- 8. After finishing the extraction protocol, the Elution Tubes contain the extracted DNA. Close the lids and store the DNA under proper conditions.

NOTE

Store DNA under adequate conditions. We recommend storing the extracted DNA at -22 $^\circ\!C$ to -18 $^\circ\!C!$

13.4 Starting the InnuPure[®] C16 touch

NOTE

The following instructions describe the necessary steps for the start of the InnuPure[®] C16 *touch*. For further features and data entry (e.g. opening templates, entering sample setups, saving projects) refer to the manual of the InnuPure[®] C16 *touch*.

1. Switch on the InnuPure[®] C16 *touch* and the tablet computer. Wait until the home screen of IP*extract* is displayed on the tablet screen.



NOTE Home screen of IP*extract*

- 2. Choose [TEMPLATES] \rightarrow [New Template] \rightarrow [Kit-based].
- 3. Enter optional information in the tab "General".
- 4. Choose the tab "Kit Information" and switch the "Technology" to "MagneticBeads"!
- 5. Choose your desired kit from "Kit Name"!



NOTE "Kit Information" tab

- 6. Enter optional information in the tab "Kit Information"
- 7. Choose the tab "Extraction" and choose the desired "Protocol":

Extraction procedure	Protocol on InnuPure [®] C16 touch
Standard (maximum yield, approx. 52 minutes)	External Lysis 200 µl - 05
Fast (time-optimized, approx. 41 minutes)	External Lysis 200 µl - Fast - 05

8. Adjust your desired "Eluate Volume" using the slider or the text field.

TEMPLATE New			-
General			
i Kit Information	Kit Nam e		
💣 Extraction			
😅 Sample Layout	Lysis Type	Internal Lysis 💿 External Lysis	
C Monitoring			
	Protocol	Internal Lysis 200 µl – C16 – O4 🔹	
		100	_
	Eluate Volume	20 µl 500 µl	
*		L.	

NOTE "Extraction" tab

The elution volume is **200 µl**. Don't use a higher elution volume. 9. Choose the tab "Monitoring" and start the protocol by tapping the start button.



NOTE "Monitoring" tab

- 10. Follow the instructions displayed on the tablet screen.
- 11. Completion of the protocol is indicated by a message on the tablet screen. Follow the instructions on the screen to remove the sample tray from the device.
- 12. The Elution Tubes contain the extracted DNA. Close the lids and store eluate under proper conditions.

NOTE

Store the DNA under adequate conditions. We recommend storing the extracted DNA at -22 $^\circ$ C to -18 $^\circ$ C!

14 Troubleshooting

Problem / probable cause	Comments and suggestions				
Low amount of extracted genomic DNA					
Low yield of extracted DNA	Please try one of the other Lysis Solu- tions delivered with the kit.				
Poor quality of extracted DNA	Avoid carryover of residual plant ma- terial when transferring lysed sample to cavity 3 of Reagent Plate/Strip. Please note that Lysis Solution OPT as well as Lysis Solution CBV requires a precipitation step.				
Insufficient lysis of starting material	Perform lysis at 65 °C for at least 30 minutes. Ensure to use sufficient Lysis Solution!				
Elution volume too high	Decrease the elution volume. The sug- gested elution volume is 200 µl. Please note that lowering the elution volume will not necessarily increase the yield proportional!				

15 Related Products

Name	Amount	Order No.		
Nucleic acid purification				
innuPREP Proteinase K				
	6 mg	845-CH-0010006		
	30 mg	845-CH-0010030		
Automated nucleic acid purification				
smart Blood DNA Midi prep (a)	16 rxn (Strips)	845-ASS-1208016		
	96 rxn (Strips)	845-ASS-1208096		
	16 rxn (Plates)	845-ASP-1208016		
	96 rxn (Plates)	845-ASP-1208096		
smart DNA prep (a)	16 rxn (Strips)	845-ASS-2008016		
	96 rxn (Strips)	845-ASS-2008096		
	16 rxn (Plates)	845-ASP-2008016		
	96 rxn (Plates)	845-ASP-2008096		
innuPREP Virus DNA/RNA Kit - IPC16	16 rxn (Strips)	845-IPS-5016016		
	96 rxn (Strips)	845-IPS-5016096		
	16 rxn (Plates)	845-IPP-5016016		
	96 rxn (Plates)	845-IPP-5016096		
	480 rxn (Plates)	845-IPP-5016480		
Products for PCR & Electrophoresis				
innuTaq DNA Polymerase (5 U/µl)	500 U	845-EZ-1000500		
50x inNucleotide Mix (1.5 mM)	2x 0.5 ml	845-AS-9000100		
innuDRY Standard PCR Master Mix	100 rxn	845-AS-2100100		
	200 rxn	845-AS-2100200		
innuDRY qPCR MasterMix Probe	100 rxn	845-AS-1900100		
	200 rxn	845-AS-1900200		

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