


Life Science unlimited

Manual



innuPREP Blood DNA Midi Kit

Order No.:

845-KS-1030010 10 reactions

845-KS-1030050 50 reactions

845-KS-1030250 250 reactions

Publication No.: HB_KS-1030_e_120116

This documentation describes the state at the time of publishing.
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1 Safety precautions

All due care and attention should be exercised in handling the materials and reagents contained in the kit. Always wear gloves while handling these reagents and avoid any skin contact! In case of contact, flush eyes or skin with a large amount of water immediately.

2 Storage conditions

The innuPREP Blood DNA Midi Kit should be stored dry, at room temperature (14–25 °C) and is stable for at least 12 months under these conditions. Before every use make sure that all components have room temperature. If there are any precipitates within the provided solutions solve these precipitates by careful warming.

3 Function testing and technical assistance

The Analytik Jena AG guarantees the correct function of the kit for applications as described in the manual. The components of each innuPREP Blood DNA Midi Kit were tested by isolation of genomic DNA from whole blood sample and subsequent target amplification.

We reserve the right to change or modify our products to enhance their performance and design. If you have any questions or problems regarding any aspects of the innuPREP Blood DNA Midi Kit or other Analytik Jena AG products, please do not hesitate to contact us. For technical support or further information in Germany please dial +49 36 41 / 77 94 00. For other countries please contact your local distributor.

4 Product use and warranty

The user is responsible to validate the performance of the Analytik Jena AG kits for any particular use, since the performance characteristics of our kits have not been validated for any specific application. Analytik Jena AG kits may be used in clinical diagnostic laboratory systems after the laboratory has validated the complete diagnostic system as required by CLIA' 88 regulations in the U.S. or equivalents in other countries.

All products sold by the Analytik Jena AG are subjected to extensive quality control procedures and are warranted to perform as described when used correctly. Any problems should be reported immediately.



Note

For research use only!

5 Kit components



Important

Store lyophilized Proteinase K at 4 °C. Store the dissolved Proteinase K as described below! All other components are stored at room temperature.

	10 extractions	50 extractions	250 extractions
Ery Lysis Solution A	60 ml	2 x 140 ml	2 x 700 ml
Ery Lysis Solution B	60 ml	2 x 140 ml	2 x 700 ml
Lysis Solution TLS	2 x 2 ml	15 ml	60 ml
Precipitation Buffer	1 ml	3 x 2 ml	25 ml
Proteinase K	for 1 x 0.3 ml working solution	for 1 x 1.5 ml working solution	for 5 x 1.5 ml working solution
Washing Solution MS	3 ml (final volume 10 ml)	15 ml (final volume 50 ml)	60 ml (final volume 200 ml)
Elution Buffer	3 x 2 ml	25 ml	2 x 60 ml
Spin Filter (vanilla)	10	50	5 x 50
Receiver Tubes (2.0 ml)	30	3 x 50	15 x 50
Elution Tubes (1.5 ml)	10	50	5 x 50
Manual	1	1	1
Initial steps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add 7 ml of 96-99.8 % ethanol to the bottle Washing Solution MS, mix thoroughly and keep the bottle always firmly closed! • Dissolve Proteinase K by addition of 0.3 ml of ddH₂O, mix thoroughly and store as described below! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add 35 ml of 96-99.8 % ethanol to the bottle Washing Solution MS, mix thoroughly and keep the bottle always firmly closed! • Dissolve Proteinase K by addition of 1.5 ml of ddH₂O, mix thoroughly and store as described below! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add 140 ml of 96-99.8 % ethanol to the bottle Washing Solution MS, mix thoroughly and keep the bottle always firmly closed! • Dissolve Proteinase K by addition of 1.5 ml of ddH₂O, mix thoroughly and store as described below!



Important note

Dividing the dissolved Proteinase K into aliquots and storage at – 20 °C is recommended. Repeated freezing and thawing will reduce the activity dramatically.

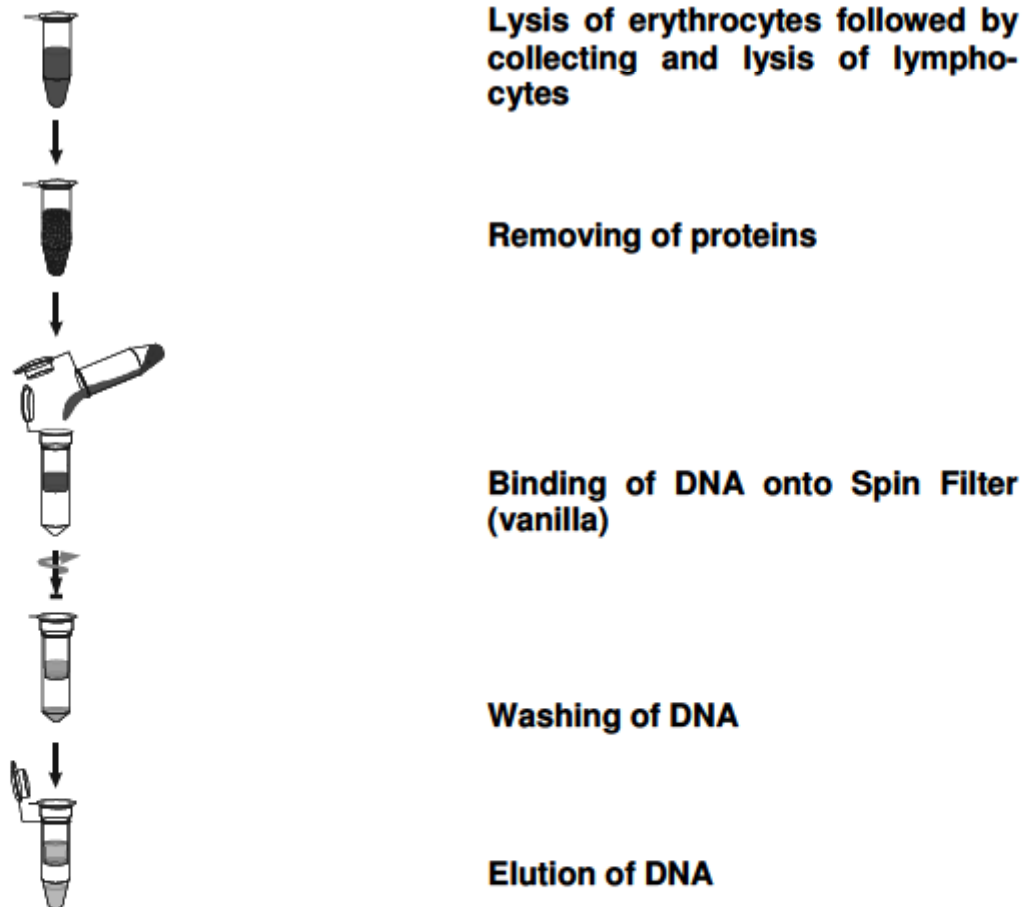
6 Recommended steps before starting

- Heat thermomixer or water bath at 70 °C
- Ensure that the Washing Solution MS and the Proteinase K have been prepared according to the instruction (→ "Kit components" p. 4)
- Centrifugation steps should be carried out at room temperature
- Avoid freezing and thawing of starting material

7 Components not included in the kit

- 1.5 ml tubes
- 2.0 ml tubes or 15 ml (Falcon) tubes
- 96–99.8 % ethanol
- 70 % ethanol
- ddH₂O

8 General procedure for DNA extraction



9 Product specifications

1. Starting material:

- Fresh, frozen or whole blood (0.5 – 2 ml)
- Stabilized with EDTA or citrate

2. Time for isolation:

Approximately 30 - 40 minutes

3. Typical yield:

- 10 – 50 µg
- Depending on initial volume of whole blood

4. Binding capacity:

Approximately: 100 µg





5. Purity (Ratio $A_{260}:A_{280}$):

1.7 – 2.0

innuPREP Blood DNA Midi Kit

Protocol 1: DNA isolation from whole blood sample

- Recommended steps before starting
- Heat thermal mixer or water bath (70 °C)
 - Prepare Washing Solution MS and Proteinase K according to the instruction

1. Starting material		▪ 0.5 – 1.0 ml
2. Lysis of erythrocytes	▪ 2.0 ml tube	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add 1 ml Ery Lysis Sol. A ▪ Vortex: short ▪ Incubation: 15 min @ RT ▪ 3.000 x g (6.000 rpm): 3 min ▪ Discard supernatant ▪ Add 1 ml Ery Lysis Sol. B ▪ Vortex: 10 sec ▪ 2.000 x g (5.000 rpm): 2 min
3. Lysis of lymphocytes		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Discard supernatant ▪ Add 200 µl TLS <u>and</u> 25 µl PK ▪ Vortex: 10 sec ▪ Incubation: 70 °C
4. Removing of proteins		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add 75 µl Precipitation Buffer ▪ Vortex: 10 sec ▪ Centrifuge: max speed, 3 min ▪ Add supernatant to a 1.5 ml tube
5. Binding of DNA		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add 500 µl 70 % ethanol ▪ Vortex ▪ Add Spin Filter to Receiver Tube ▪ Add sample to Spin Filter ▪ 10.000 x g (12.000 rpm): 2 min
6. Washing		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add 750 µl MS ▪ 10.000 x g (12.000 rpm): 1 min
	New Receiver Tube	

✂ Cut at the scattered line and laminate the card for a more convenient handling on the table top ✂

7. Remove Ethanol

New Receiver Tube



- Discard filtrate
- Add Spin Filter to Receiver Tube
- Centrifuge: max speed, 2 min

8. Elution



- Add Spin Filter to an Elution Tube
- Add 200 – 400 µl Elution Buffer
- Incubation: 1 min @ RT
- 8.000 x g (10.000 rpm): 1 min

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	845-KS-1030050	50 reactions
	845-KS-1030250	250 reactions

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innuPREP Blood DNA Midi Kit

Protocol 2: DNA isolation from whole blood sample

- Recommended steps before starting
- Heat thermal mixer or water bath (70 °C)
 - Prepare Washing Solution MS and Proteinase K according to the instruction

1. Starting material		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1.0 – 2.0 ml
2. Lysis of erythrocytes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 15 ml tube (Falcon) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add 5 ml Ery Lysis Sol. A ▪ Vortex: short ▪ Incubation: 15 min @ RT ▪ 3.000 x g (6.000 rpm): 3 min ▪ Discard supernatant ▪ Add 5 ml Ery Lysis Sol. B ▪ Vortex: 10 sec ▪ 2.000 x g (5.000 rpm): 2 min
3. Lysis of lymphocytes		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Discard supernatant ▪ Add 200 µl TLS resuspend and add sample to a 2.0 ml tube ▪ Add 25 µl PK ▪ Vortex: 10 sec ▪ Incubation: 70 °C
4. Removing of proteins		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add 75 µl Precipitation Buffer ▪ Vortex: 10 sec ▪ Centrifuge: max speed, 3 min ▪ Add supernatant to a 1.5 ml tube
5. Binding of DNA		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add 500 µl 70 % ethanol ▪ Vortex ▪ Add Spin Filter to Receiver Tube ▪ Add sample to Spin Filter ▪ 10.000 x g (12.000 rpm): 2 min

6. Washing			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add 750 µl MS 10.000 x g (12.000 rpm): 1 min
New Receiver Tube			
7. Remove Ethanol			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discard filtrate Add Spin Filter to Receiver Tube Centrifuge: max speed, 2 min
New Receiver Tube			
8. Elution (Repeat 2x)			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add Spin Filter to an Elution Tube Add 200 µl Elution Buffer Incubation: 1 min @ RT 8.000 x g (10.000 rpm): 1 min

Order No.:	845-KS-1030010	10 reactions
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10 Protocol 1: DNA isolation from whole blood sample (0.5–1.0 ml)

1. Transfer **0.5–1.0 ml** of **whole blood** into a 2.0 ml reaction tube. Add **1 ml of Ery Lysis Solution A**, vortex shortly and incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. Centrifuge at $3.000 \times g$ (6.000 rpm) for 3 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant very carefully.

Don't discard the pellet!

2. Add **1 ml of Ery Lysis Solution B**. Vortex the sample for 10 sec. Centrifuge at $2.000 \times g$ (5.000 rpm) for 2 minutes. Remove the supernatant very carefully.

Don't discard the pellet!

3. Add **200 μ l Lysis Solution TLS and 25 μ l Proteinase K**, mix vigorously by pulsed vortexing for 10 s. Incubate at 70 °C until the pellet is completely lysed.

Note: We recommend to use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or another rocking platform) for a continuous shaking of the sample. Vortex the sample optionally 3–4 times during lysis time. No shaking will reduce the lysis efficiency. Incomplete lysis of the pellet will reduce the final yield!

4. After lysis add **75 μ l Precipitation Buffer**, mix vigorously by pulsed vortexing for 10 s.

Note: The solution has to become milky! If not, vortex longer!

Optionally, incubation of the tube on ice for 1 minute following the vortexing step might be useful.

5. Centrifuge the 2.0 ml tube at max. speed for 3 minutes. Transfer the clear supernatant into a new 1.5 ml tube.

Note: Avoid contamination with precipitates.

6. Add **500 μ l of 70 % ethanol** to the sample, mix by vortexing or by pipetting up and down several times.

Note: It is important that the sample and the ethanol are mixed vigorously to get a homogeneous solution.

7. Apply the sample to the Spin Filter (vanilla) located in a 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Close the cap and centrifuge at $10.000 \times g$ (12.000 rpm) for 2 minutes.

Note: If the solution has not completely passed through the Spin Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.

Discard the Receiver Tube with the filtrate. Place the Spin Filter into a new 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.

8. Open the Spin Filter and add **750 µl Washing Solution MS**, close the cap and centrifuge at 10.000 x g (12.000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the Receiver Tube with the filtrate. Place the Spin Filter into a new 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.
9. Centrifuge at max. speed for 2 minutes to remove all traces of ethanol. Discard the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.
10. Place the Spin Filter into a 1.5 ml Elution Tube. Carefully open the cap of the Spin Filter and add **200–400 µl Elution Buffer**. Incubate at room temperature for 1 minute. Centrifuge at 8.000 x g (10.000 rpm) for 1 minute. A second elution step will increase the yield of extracted DNA.

Note: If the Elution Buffer has not completely passed through the Spin Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.



Note

The DNA can be eluted with a lower or a higher volume of Elution Buffer (depends on the expected yield of genomic DNA). Elution with lower volumes of Elution Buffer increases the final concentration of DNA. Store the extracted DNA at 4 °C. For long time storage placing at –20 °C is recommended.

11 Protocol 2: DNA isolation from whole blood sample (1.0–2.0 ml)

1. Transfer **1.0–2.0 ml** of **whole blood** into a 15 ml reaction tube (Falcon tube). Add **5 ml** of **Ery Lysis Solution A**, vortex shortly and incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. Centrifuge at 3.000 x g for 3 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant very carefully.

Don't discard the pellet!

2. Add **5 ml** of **Ery Lysis Solution B**. Vortex the sample for 10 sec. Centrifuge at 2.000 x g for 2 minutes. Remove the supernatant very carefully.

Don't discard the pellet!

3. Add **200 µl** **Lysis Solution TLS**. Resuspend the pellet and transfer the sample completely into a 2.0 ml tube. Add **25 µl** **Proteinase K**, mix vigorously by pulsed vortexing for 10 s. Incubate at 70 °C until the pellet is completely lysed.

Note: We recommend to use a shaking platform (thermomixer, water bath or another rocking platform) for a continuous shaking of the sample. Vortex the sample optionally 3–4 times during lysis time. No shaking will reduce the lysis efficiency. Incomplete lysis of the pellet will reduce the final yield!

4. After lysis add **75 µl** of **Precipitation Buffer**, mix vigorously by pulsed vortexing for 10 s.

Note: The solution has to become milky! If not, vortex longer!

Optionally, incubation of the tube on ice for 1 minute following the vortexing step might be useful.

5. Centrifuge the 2.0 ml tube at max. speed for 3 minutes. Transfer the clear supernatant into a new 1.5 ml tube.

Note: Avoid contamination with precipitates.

6. Add **500 µl** of **70 % ethanol** to the sample, mix by vortexing or by pipetting up and down several times.

Note: It is important that the sample and the ethanol are mixed vigorously to get a homogeneous solution.

7. Apply the sample to the Spin Filter (vanilla) located in a 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Close the cap and centrifuge at 10.000 x g (12.000 rpm) for 2 minutes.

Note: If the solution has not completely passed through the Spin Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.

Discard the Receiver Tube with the filtrate. Place the Spin Filter into a new 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.

8. Open the Spin Filter and add **750 µl Washing Solution MS**, close the cap and centrifuge at 10.000 x g (12.000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the Receiver Tube with the filtrate. Place the Spin Filter into a new 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.
9. Centrifuge at max. speed for 2 minutes to remove all traces of ethanol. Discard the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.
10. Place the Spin Filter into a 1.5 ml Elution Tube. Carefully open the cap of the Spin Filter and add **200 µl Elution Buffer**. Incubate at room temperature for 1 minute. Centrifuge at 8.000 x g (10.000 rpm) for 1 minute. Add **additional 200 µl Elution Buffer** and repeat the elution step.

Note: If the Elution Buffer has not completely passed through the Spin Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.



Note

The DNA can be eluted with a lower or a higher volume of Elution Buffer (depends on the expected yield of genomic DNA). Elution with lower volumes of Elution Buffer increases the final concentration of DNA. Store the extracted DNA at 4 °C. For long time storage placing at –20 °C is recommended.

12 Troubleshooting

Problem / probable cause	Comments and suggestions
Clogged Spin Filter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insufficient lysis and/or too much starting material 	Increase lysis time. Increase centrifugation speed. Reduce amount of starting material.
Low amount of extracted DNA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insufficient lysis • Incomplete elution • Insufficient mixing with 70 % ethanol 	Increase lysis time. Reduce amount of starting material. Overloading of Spin Filter reduces yield! Prolong the incubation time with Elution Buffer to 5 min. or repeat elution step once again. Take a higher volume of Elution Buffer. Mix sample with 70 % ethanol by pipetting or by vortexing prior to transfer of the sample onto the Spin Filter.
Low concentration of extracted DNA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Too much Elution Buffer 	Elute the DNA with lower volume of Elution Buffer.
Degraded or sheared DNA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incorrect storage of starting material • Old material 	Avoid thawing of the material. Old material often contains degraded DNA.

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