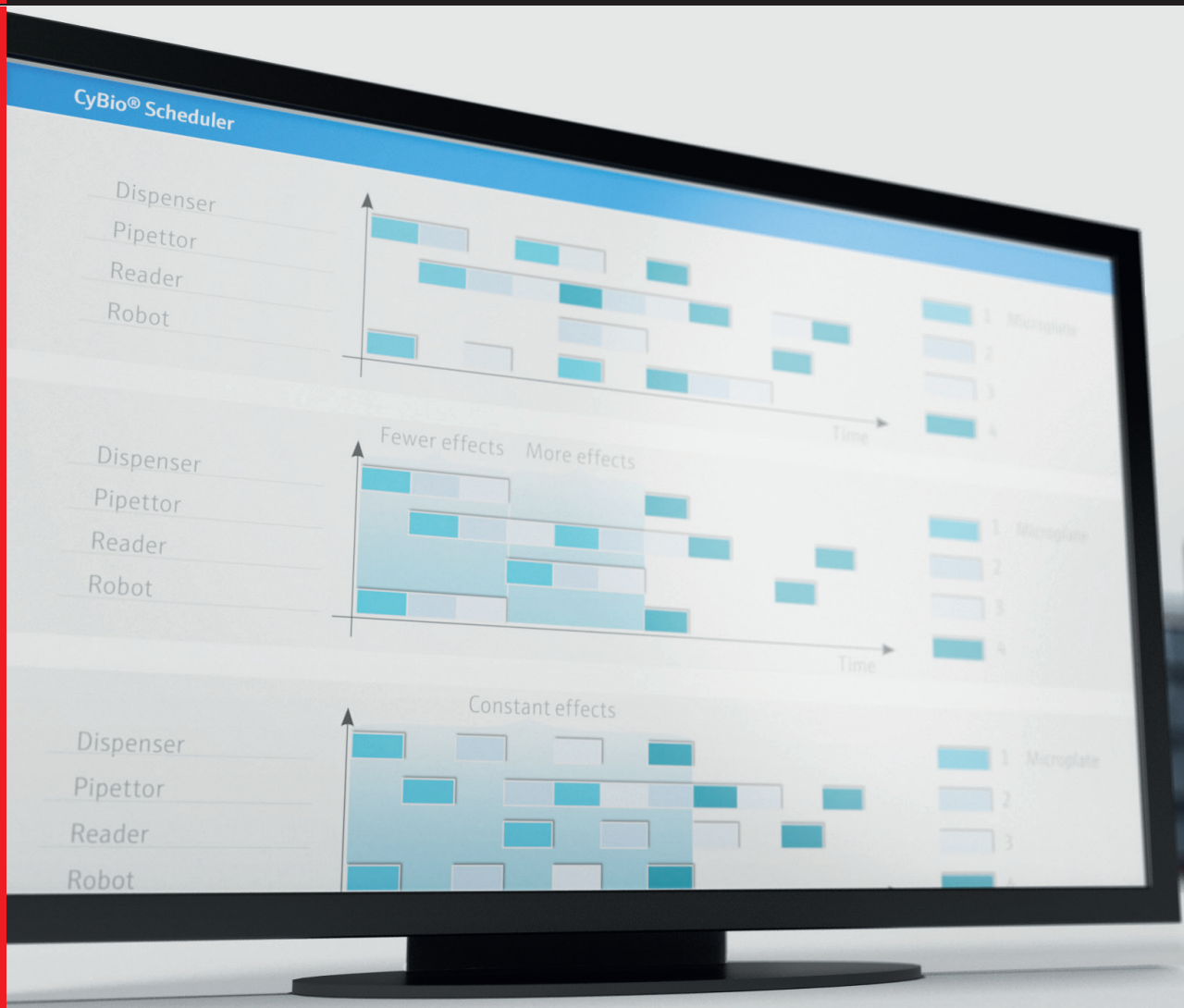


# Intelligent Timing Makes the Difference

## CyBio® Scheduler

Lab Automation



# Intelligent Timing Makes the Difference

## At a Glance

Laboratory automation comprises a great variety of automation tasks, ranging from the automation of individual laboratory steps and instruments to the autonomous and fully automated control of complex laboratory installations. The resulting requirements on control software differ widely and make differentiated solutions necessary.

01

### Stable

For the past 15 years, CyBio® Scheduler software has been in productive use. During this time, our customers have successfully undertaken a number of screening campaigns on systems from Analytik Jena. Its process safety and long-term stability are just some of the outstanding features of the CyBio® Scheduler software.

02

### Efficient

Predictive planning and the optimization process developed in cooperation with renowned scientific institutions provide the highest levels of efficiency when executing assays. An intuitive, microplate-based depiction of workflows permits the quick creation of new workflows.

03

### Dynamic

New assay procedures, different workflows when executing assays, the processing of emergency samples and flexible strategies to reduce unavoidable environmental influences require flexible scheduling. The CyBio® Scheduler software has the necessary dynamics to meet these as well as future requirements.

# CyBio<sup>®</sup> Scheduler

A Flexible Automation Platform



## 24 hours, 7 days a week

The CyBio® Scheduler software allows for the parallel and time-optimized control of several laboratory instruments to execute a number of diverse workflows.

Integrated automated optimization processes not only ensure the efficient utilization of existing laboratory instruments, but can also reduce the impact of changes in temperature as well as crystallization and precipitation effects, in turn improving the comparison of measurement results of different samples.

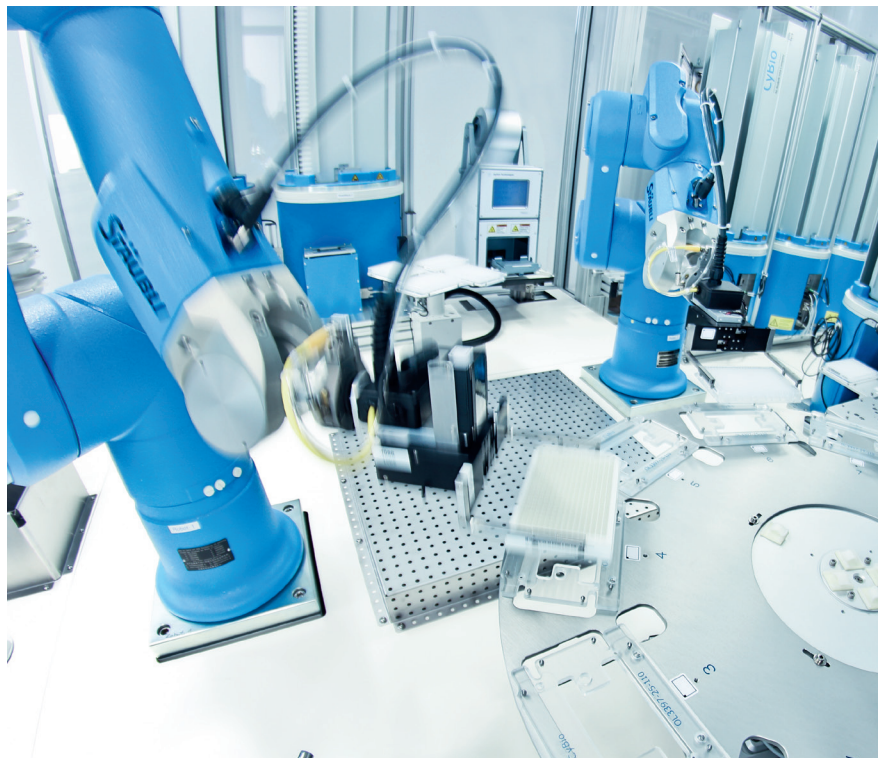
Dynamic scheduling permits the processing of emergency samples in a timely manner in assays already being executed and to re-use samples, depending on the process conditions or results. The parameters of a workflow can be varied during its execution to determine ideal process parameters or to react to changing environmental conditions.

Flexible error handling guarantees robust and error-tolerant automation solutions; customized error handling concepts can be implemented through different error handling options. A high-capacity database with integrated assay and microplate management, a powerful assay editor as well as different options to access external data allows for using the automation solution as an individual or an integrated workstation in an existing automation or IT environment.

Software tools for the evaluation of the run-time behavior of an assay facilitate an early detection and the elimination of possible sources of errors and thus support the implementation of a high-quality laboratory environment. Besides the instruments from Analytik Jena, instruments from other manufacturers can also be integrated. Currently, more than 140 different types of instruments are supported for a great variety of applications. If a desired instrument should not yet

be available, the flexible software interfaces make a quick and cost-efficient integration possible.

Thanks to the option of quickly adapting it to different hardware and IT environments, the CyBio® Scheduler software can still be used when assays and operational conditions change. Naturally, should any problems occur, our excellent service team is available 24 hours, 7 days a week.



# Creating a Workflow

## Controlling Single Instruments



### 01 Creating a workflow

A user-friendly workflow editor is applied in creating a workflow for the CyBio® Scheduler. Drag & Drop is used to drag the individual process steps from the toolbox into the workflow. Consequently, the creation of a workflow is very simple to perform.

### 02 Microplate-based depiction

The microplate-based depiction of the workflow provides excellent visual clarity. Every microplate is allocated with the process steps to be executed. If process steps should require more than one microplate, links between the microplates can be established.

### 04 CyBio® Composer

The single instruments can be controlled via CyBio® Composer – Analytik Jena's software for controlling single instruments. This software is characterized by a powerful graphical user interface that enables easy access to all of the instruments.

### 05 Incubation times

The incubation of microplates is defined in the workflow; this includes the possibility of specifying a tolerance for the incubation time. This tolerance is later applied by the automated optimization processes to determine admissible adjustments.

### 03 Microplate transfers

Required microplate transfers from one instrument to another are automatically included. This results in a less labor-intensive creation of a workflow.

### 06 Zoom settings

A depiction of the different process steps in different colors and different zoom settings improves the overview of the entire workflow.

### 07 Instrument commands

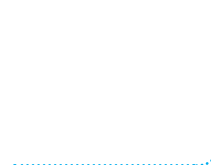
Graphical instrument commands permitting direct access to all the instrument functions.

### 08 Property window

Every instrument command has different properties which can be displayed and determined by means of a property field. Selection lists and menus facilitate the input of the property.

### 09 Liquid handling commands

Powerful liquid handling commands ensure that even complex pipetting tasks can be performed. The created pipetting routines can be tested and used independently of the CyBio® Scheduler.



# Data Management

The CyBio® Scheduler software includes a powerful data management tool - the CyBio® Plate Tracking module. This provides for the management of all data required for the execution of a workflow with the CyBio® Scheduler software, including the management of the work list to be executed and also all of the microplate-specific information, such as barcodes, volumes, storage positions etc.

A detailed depiction of the work list provides a solid overview of all the assays currently existing in the system.

Depending on the setting of the details to be displayed, detailed information regarding the microplates present in the system or the parameters of the different workflows can be showed.

Detailed status information for every workflow to be executed constantly displays the progress of the execution of the assay.

Navigation elements permit a quick navigation through the work list.

ID	Priority
827	High priority
Plate Name	
Assay Plate	Cornin
Compound Plate	Cornin

Workflow		
ops	Status	Barcode
low	Idle	ADFCVD1X
lat	Idle	<unknown>
ops		
ops		

Not started
Not started
Not started
Not started
Not started
Not started

For every instrument, the microplates present in the instrument can be displayed. Therefore, it is possible to obtain an overview of which microplates are at which positions in the system at all times.

Likewise, the partial positions in which the microplates are to be located are shown for every instrument. In the example, rack and level of the position of the microplate are displayed.

The designation of the microplate facilitates its allocation during a workflow.

For every microplate, the current processing status is displayed.

ID	Plate Name	Platetype	Status	Rack	Level
747	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	6	16
748	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	6	17
761	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	6	18
762	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	6	19
751	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	6	20
752	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	6	21
753	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	1
754	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	2
755	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	3
756	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	4
757	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	5
769	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	12
759	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	13
760	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	14
761	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	15
767	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	16
768	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	17
769	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	18
770	Assay Plate	Coming 384 PS low volume	Idle	7	19

The 'Assay Preparation' module permits the flexible generation of batches in consideration of the existing storage instruments and their capacity.

For storage instruments like incubators it can be specified where microplates should be located.

The screenshot shows the 'Assay Templates' interface with several key components:

- Batch Description:** A dropdown menu showing 'Demo'.
- Assay Template:** A dropdown menu showing 'Demo'.
- Workflow:** A dropdown menu showing 'User/Demo.ops'.
- Storage Positions:** A table listing storage locations and racks.
 

Location	Rack	Level	R-Min	R-Max	L-Min	L-Max
Hotel - Carrousel	8	4	1	9	1	21
Incubator - Carrousel	1	6	1	9	1	21
- Parameter Settings:** A table with columns for Description and Value.
 

Description	Value
Transfervolumen [µl]	10.0
Fehler generieren	
- Microplate Table:** A table at the bottom showing microplate types and their storage locations.
 

Plate Name	Platetype	Location	Incubator	Hotel	Barcode	Lid
Assay Plate	Corning 384 PS low volume	Hotel - Carrousel	Don't Use	Single Use	Barcodes.txt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Compound Plate	Corning 384 PS flat bottom	Incubator - Carrousel	Single Positi	Don't Use	<unknown>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Templates can be stored in the 'Assay Template' module for recurring task variants such that constant parameters do not have to be re-entered repeatedly.

Each microplate can be assigned a storage instrument where this is provided. In this case, using a microplate multiple times is also possible.

Batches are generated in the CyBio® Plate Tracking module, it being possible to specify different properties, such as type of microplate, barcode, lid etc., for each assay. The option to define workflow parameters permits the creation of flexible workflows; of course, both workflow and microplate

parameters can be used in a instrument script to control the workflow within the script. The option to provide each assay with a priority allows for the use of the CyBio® Scheduler software in application scenarios in which timely processing of emergency samples during normal operation is required.

Templates can be stored in the 'Assay Template' module for recurring task variants such that constant parameters do not have to be re-entered repeatedly.

The used microplates can be defined freely for each assay template. Every microplate can be named accordingly to allow for accessing the information relating to this microplate at a later point in time.

The screenshot shows the 'Plate Definitions' and 'Parameter Definitions' sections of the software:

- Plate Definitions:** A table listing microplate types and their properties.
 

Plate Name	Platetype	Location	Incubator	Hotel	Barcode	Lid
Assay Plate	Corning 384 PS low volume	Hotel - Carrousel	Don't Use	Single Use	Barcodes.txt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Compound Plate	Corning 384 PS flat bottom	Incubator - Carrousel	Single Positi	Don't Use	<unknown>	<input type="checkbox"/>
*			Don't Use	Don't Use	Barcodes.txt	<input type="checkbox"/>
- Parameter Definitions:** A table listing assay parameters and their values.
 

Name	Description	Value
Volume	Transfervolumen [µl]	10.0
Error	Fehler generieren	1

This selection list permits quick navigation between the different templates.

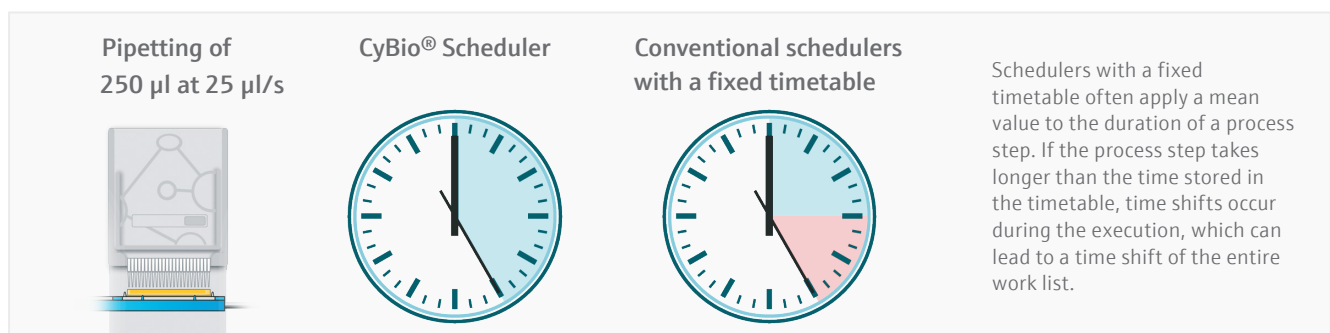
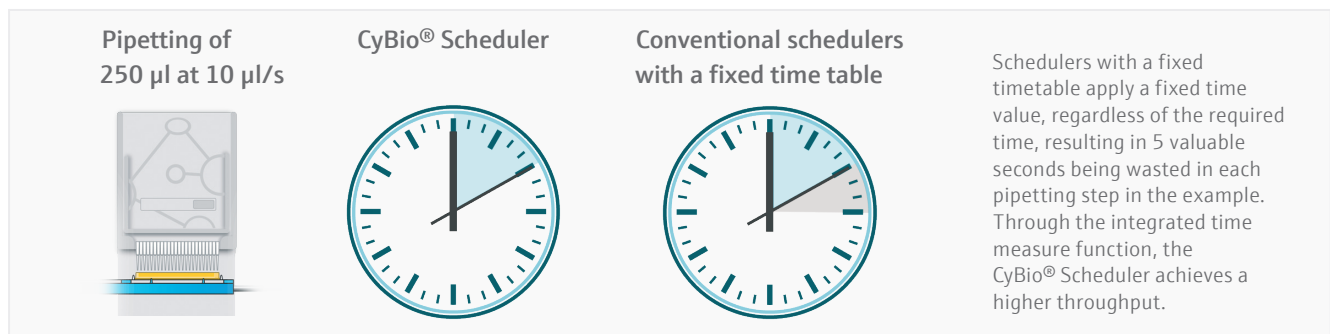
Parameters which are used in an assay can be defined in advance and pre-allocated with values.

## Time Measure Function

After creating a workflow, normally the workflow runs at least once to test that it can be executed in a correct manner. The CyBio® Scheduler uses this test run to measure the duration of each individual process step. This is performed automatically and the time values are included in the workflow.

In particular with regard to liquid handling, different run-times are required based on the liquid used. Depending on the viscosity of a liquid, a different flow rate might be necessary to achieve a satisfactory pipetting result. The differences in run-time can easily amount to one minute or more and can be detected through the time measure function and then taken into account in scheduling, resulting in higher throughput and time stability. The time measure function of the CyBio® Scheduler measures the time required for pipetting the liquid during the test run and applies this time to every subsequent execution.

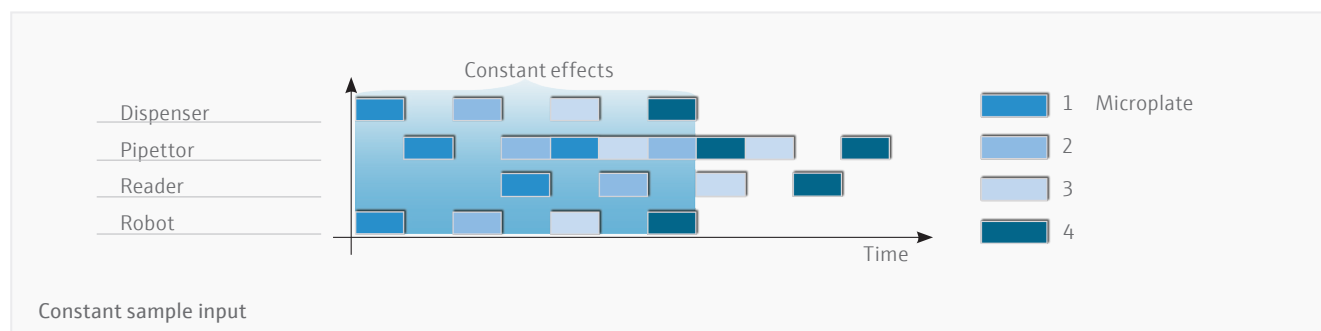
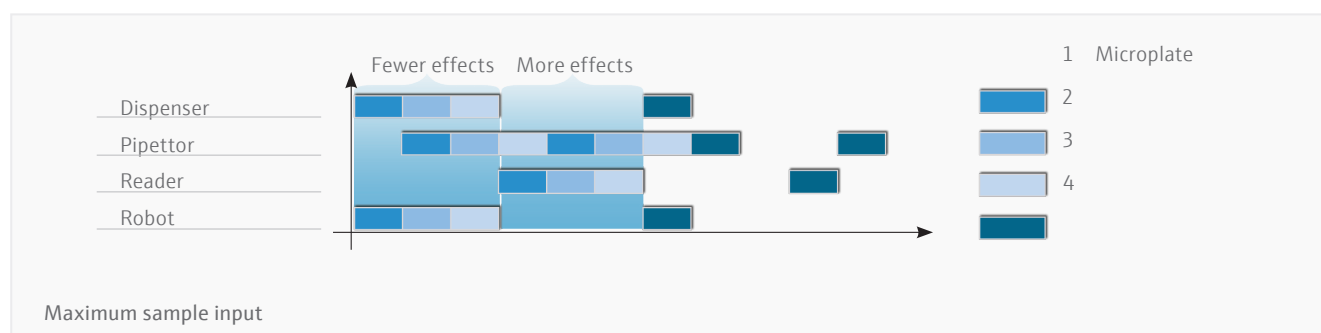
As a result of the time shift illustrated above, changed incubation times can result, impairing the measurement results. Through the integrated time measure function, the CyBio® Scheduler detects process steps which require more time. Consequently, a longer duration can already be taken into account when calculating the scheduling. This unique time measure function ensures that workflows can be scheduled in an ideal manner. Through this functionality, it is possible to better react to process-specific conditions, compared with a solution applying a fixed timetable.





## Scheduling Method

The CyBio<sup>®</sup> Scheduler software supports two scheduling methods for the execution of a work list.



### Maximum sample input

The 'maximum sample input' method delivers the highest level of flexibility and is excellently suited to execute dynamic work lists. During the course of this method, the workflows included in the work list are executed as quickly as possible. In particular, this results in advantages in applications which rely on the quick processing of samples or the workflow of which has not been completely determined at the time of starting with the work list. These include, for example, the processing of emergency samples or the execution of variable workflows, such as in assay development. The following graphic displays the execution of different workflows by means of this method.

Due to its dynamic behavior, this method results in variations in the utilization of the individual instruments. This again causes undesirable effects, in particular in liquid handling, when dealing with the comparability of measurement results

of individual samples. These especially include precipitation and crystallization effects as well as changes in temperature which are caused by the interrupted flow of liquids in tubes and reservoirs. The graphic shows the multiple execution of a workflow by means of this method and the impact of the different effects.

### Constant sample input

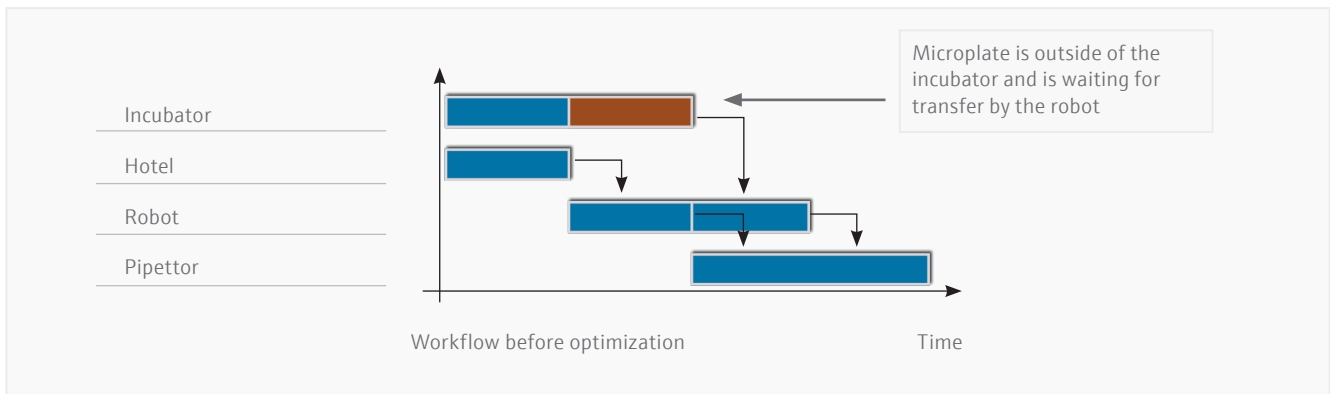
However, particularly in the case of drug screening, equal treatment of the samples is desired. To meet this requirement, the CyBio<sup>®</sup> Scheduler software includes the 'constant sample input' method. This method attempts to keep the interval of a sample to the previous sample constant. Whilst the effects described above cannot be avoided by this approach, their impact is virtually constant for each sample and therefore affects the comparability of the measurement results only to a very limited degree.

# Optimization

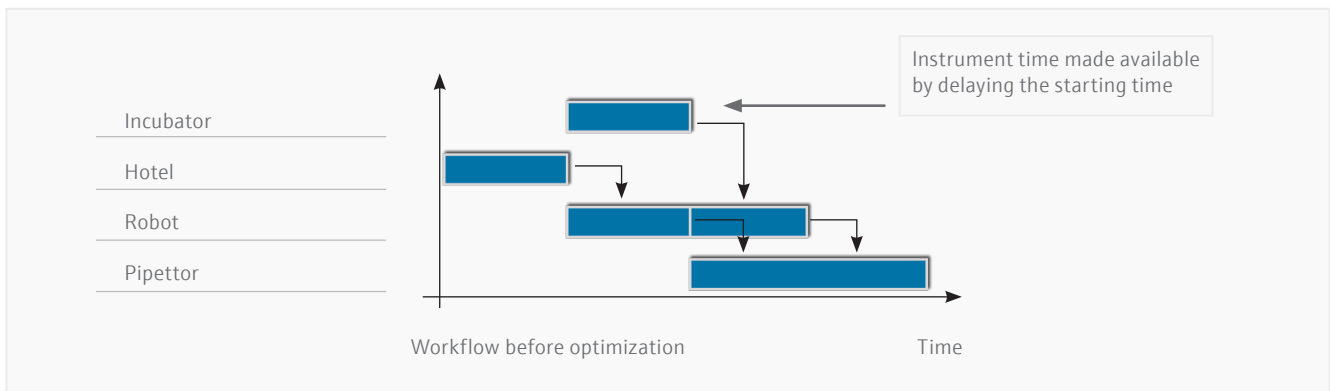
The CyBio<sup>®</sup> Scheduler includes several integrated, automated optimization processes. Through these optimizations, an increase of the throughput during the execution of a work list is achieved. The optimization of a workflow takes place over two stages.

## Eliminating avoidable holding times

The first optimization stage is performed fully automatically after completing the time measurement. In the course of this optimization, the system analyzes the workflow and eliminates avoidable holding times.



To this end, starting times for process steps are adapted such that no holding times occur between the individual steps, as far as possible. This makes it possible to achieve a higher throughput and the period of time that microplates are outside of a tempered environment can be shortened.

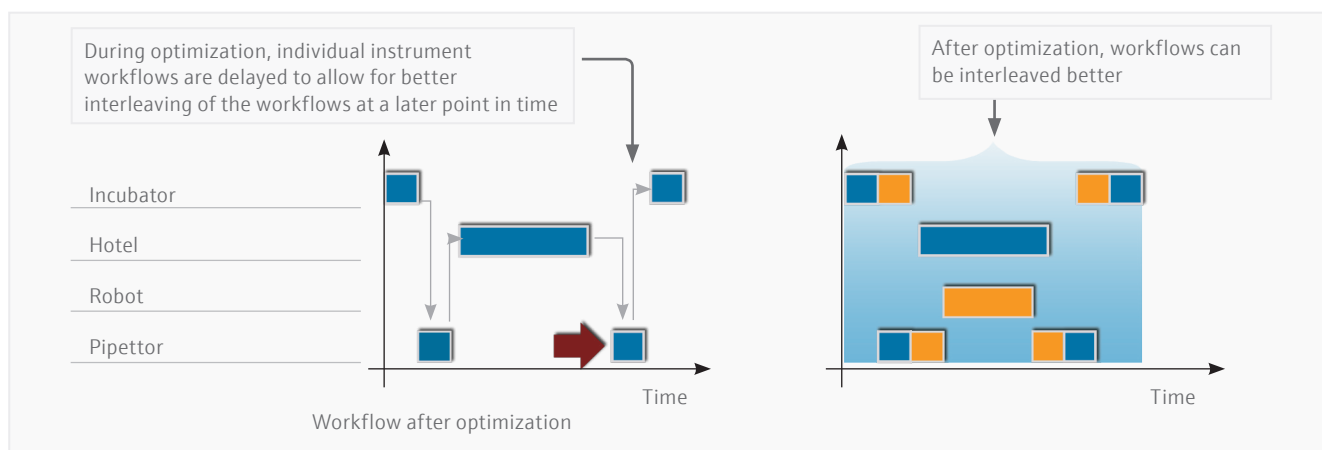
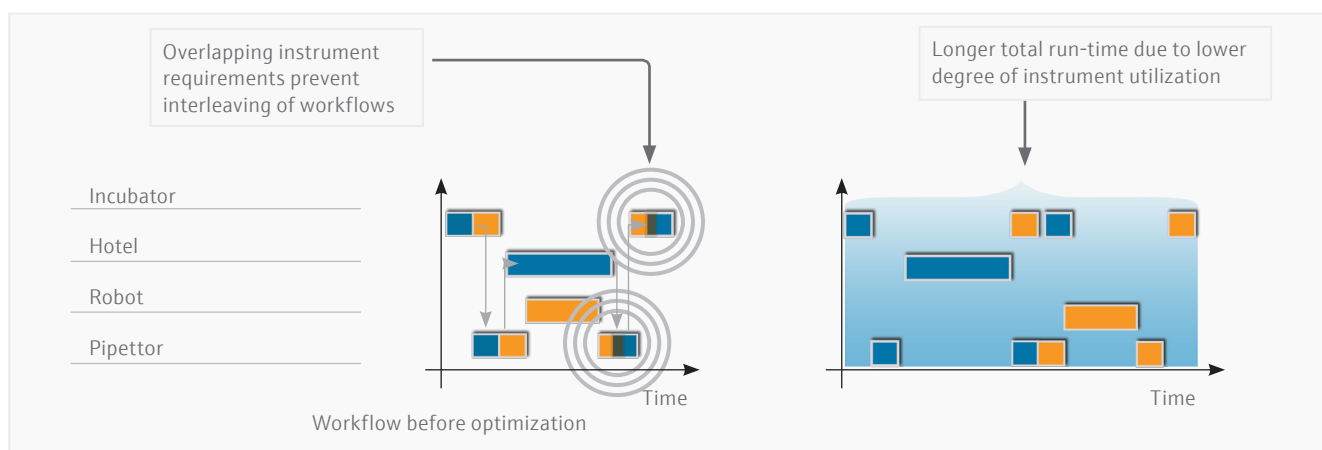


### User-controlled, fully automated optimization

The second optimization stage is likewise performed automatically; however, it can be influenced by the user. This stage optimizes the given workflow such that the best possible throughput is experienced. To achieve this, individual process steps are rescheduled and their durations optionally adapted. However, the optimization is performed in such a manner that values below the measured instrument run-times are avoided. To ensure that incubation times are not undercut or exceeded and to maintain further required conditions, it is possible to define restrictions. During optimization, adherence to these restrictions is ensured.

The CyBio® Scheduler recognizes the bottlenecks depicted above and can eliminate them. Delaying a microplate transfer through the robot allows for better interleaving of the individual instrument processes, resulting in the

possibility of significantly increasing the throughput. To ensure the maintenance of required incubation times and further restrictions, admissible maximum delays can be defined. Based on the current times, it is ensured that the boundaries defined by the restrictions are not exceeded.



# Error Handling

In automation solutions, it is particularly important to ensure that – if possible – they can perform their task fully automatically and without the need for user intervention.

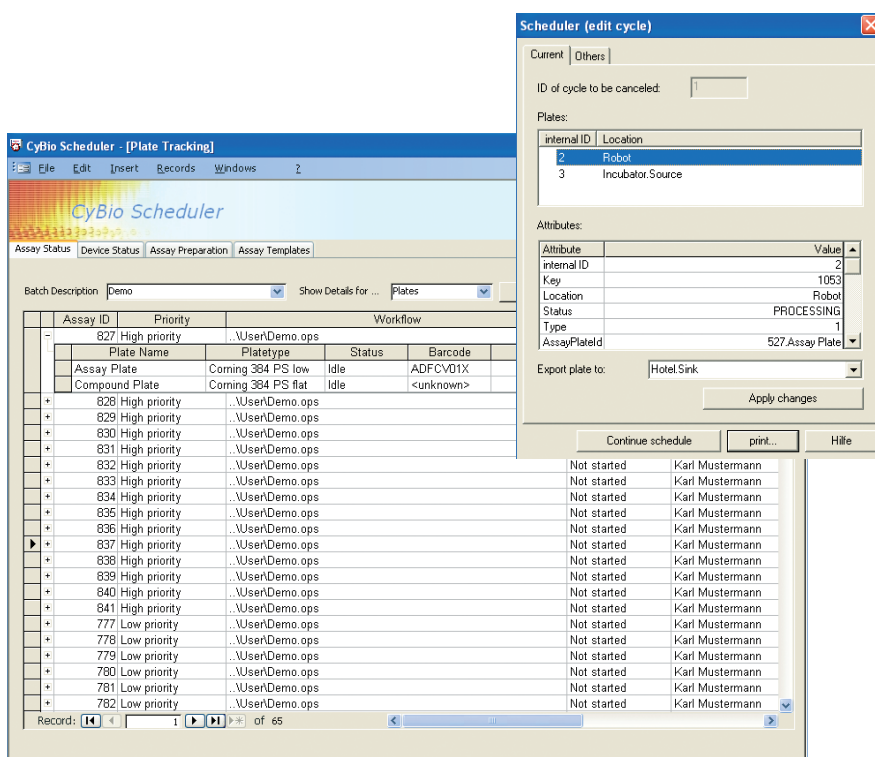
This represents a challenge as a temporary fault is barely avoidable when many system components interact. However, the goal is to likewise eliminate these faults fully automatically without user intervention and to execute the current task in time and in full. To this end, the CyBio® Scheduler software offers a multi-stage error handling concept which can easily be adapted to the different requirements in practice.

The screenshot shows the CyBio Composer Method1 interface. The main window displays a flowchart for 'Structured exception handling for "Stacker right": "Putting/getting plate failed: No plate av...". The flowchart includes a 'Guarded execution' block and an 'Exception handling' block. The 'Exception handling' block contains several tasks, including 'Stacker left: Get plate (Stack = "A", Position = "Position 1")' and 'Stacker left: Set final r.p.m. (300)'. A 'Properties' dialog box is open, showing the configuration for the structured exception handling.

General properties	
Description	
Structured exception handling	Yes
Monitored device	Stacker right
Exception handling	
43 - System error.	No
44 - Putting/getting plate failed: No plate available.	Yes
45 - Putting/getting plate failed: Carriage position occupied.	Yes
58 - Error of an external unit.	No

## Automatic error handling in the instrument driver

Every instrument driver has its own error handling function that handles the most common causes of faults. Therefore, every instrument driver attempts to perform a fully automated error handling, assuming this is possible. The error handling takes the current instrument status into account and, based on the current situation, attempts to set the instrument up in a status which allows for further processing. If this cannot be done in the instrument driver, the fault is forwarded to the invoking control script.



### Automatic error handling in the control script

If the instrument driver could not eliminate the fault, there is the option of automatically eliminating it in the invoking control script. Often, a more flexible error handling can be defined within the scope of the control script as more information about the environment of the instrument is available in its context. Therefore, the statuses and positions of microplates, reservoirs etc can be much better taken into account to achieve an ideal error handling. Should automated fault elimination also not be possible within the scope of the script, this fault is forwarded to the CyBio® Scheduler.

### Error handling with user intervention

If a control script signals a fault, the user is also notified of this fault by email, cellular phone or the signaling instrument. The user can then eliminate the fault manually, remove the faulty microplate from the system or stop the execution of the work list. During the manual intervention, the user can execute control scripts to fully or partially perform automated recovery and maintenance functions. If a microplate has to be removed from the system, detailed information about the status and position of the microplate is available to ensure a safe identification of the microplate.

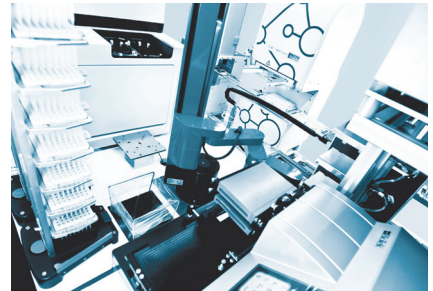
## Examples

Some examples of automation solutions which can be controlled by the CyBio® Scheduler software are shown below.

### Automation solution for the execution of biochemical and cell-based assays

#### System components

- 1 Pipetting robots  
CyBio® Well vario
- 1 Washer Biotek ELX 405
- 1 Robot KiNEDx KX-300x660
- 1 Incubator Thermo Cytomat 6000
- 2 Stackers
- 1 Tip tray hotel & Plate depot
- 1 CyBio Lid Handling System
- 1 Imager GE IN Cell Analyzer 2000
- 1 Reader BMG POLARstar Omega



### Automation solution for the execution of Single Nucleotide Polymorphism analyses

#### System components

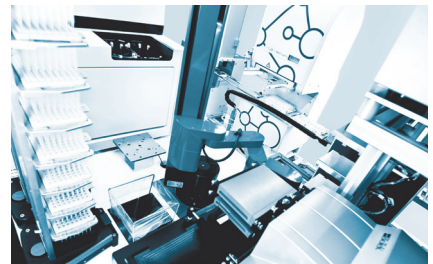
- 1 Pipetting robot CyBio® Well
- 1 Reader Bruker autoflex®
- 3 Stackers
- 1 Plate handling system  
CyBio® Ways
- 1 Microplate lid dispenser
- 1 Bruker UV lamp
- 1 Clemens thermocycler



### Full automated compound management solution

#### System components

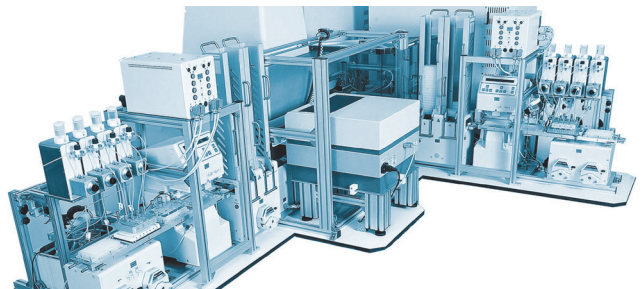
- 1 Pipetting robot CyBio® Well vario
- 1 Pipetting robot CyBio® DiluS
- 1 Dispenser CyBio® Drop
- 1 Gas dispenser
- 1 Stäubli TX60L
- 3 Stackers
- 7 Tip tray hotel & Plate depot
- 1 Label printer CyBio® Print
- 1 Sealer Agilent PlateLoc
- 1 Decapper REMP ACD 96



### Automation solution for the execution of Single Nucleotide Polymorphism analyses

#### System components

- 2 Pipetting robots CyBio® Well
- 2 Dispensers CyBio® Drop
- 1 Short-time incubator CyBio® Tower
- 2 Kendro Cytomats 6000
- 1 BMG reader
- 2 Plate handling systems / CyBio® Ways



# Device List/Supported Instruments

## CyBio® Composer/CyBio® Scheduler Integrations

With Analytik Jena Automation, the full range of laboratory equipment is available for integration. CyBio® Scheduler

and CyBio® Composer plugins help to expand your research platforms functionality including a comprehensive error handling.

<b>Barcode Labelers</b>	<b>Liquid Handlers</b>	Inheco CPAC units	BMG LABTECH Galaxy FLUOstar
CyBio® Print vario	CyBio® DiluS/ CyBio® DiluS <sup>pro</sup>	LiCONiC Automated incubators	BMG LABTECH Galaxy FLUOstar Optima
CyBio® Quadprint	CyBio® Disk	LiCONiC Plate hotels	BMG LABTECH Optima RUBYStar
CAB Apollo	CyBio® Disk vario	PAA Carousels	BMG LABTECH PheraStar FS
CAB Hermes+	CyBio® Robospense	PAA FIFO Q-Stacker	BMG LABTECH POLARstar Galaxy
CAB A4+	CyBio® Well	PAA FILO Plate Stack	Syntenec/Roche CellaVista
Domino Inkjet	CyBio® Well vario	PAA Random Access Hotel	Tecan Infinite F5000
Bartender	CyBio® CrystalCreator	Thermo Cytomat series	Measurement System
<b>Barcode Readers</b>	CyBio® Felix	<b>Plate Sealers</b>	Tecan Infinite M1000
FluidX XTR-96 2D Tube Scanner	FluidX Xpp-721	Abgene ALPS 300	Till ID Openmore
Datalogic DS2 100A	Labcyte Echo series	Abgene ALPS 3000	Yokogawa CellVoyager CV7000
Opticon NLV series	CyBio® InLine	Abgene ASP-50	Zeiss Spinning Disc Microscope
<b>Capper/ Decapper</b>	CyBio® HummingWell	Abgene Seal-it 100	Corning EPIC
Brooks/ REMP ACD	TTP mosquito	Agilent PlateLoc	GE Healthcare IN Cell 6000 Analyzer
FluidX XDC 96 pro	<b>Microplate Handlers</b>	Brandel RS-3000	GE Healthcare IN Cell 2000 Analyzer
Thermo / TAP Capit-All	CyBio® Ways	KBiosystems Chameleon	LJL Biosystems Acquest
Hamilton LabElite Decapper	CyBio® Turn Station	KBiosystems KAPS-500	Molecular Devices FLIPR TETRA
<b>Centrifuge</b>	HighRes MicroServe	KBiosystems Wasp Plate Sealer	Molecular Devices ImageXpress Micro
Agilent Microplate centrifuge (Vspin)	LabServices PlateDispenser	Brooks/ REMP PHS / LHS	Molecular Devices SpectraMax
BioNex HiG	PAA/ Peak Robotics KiNEDx series	Brooks/ REMP CSP	PerkinElmer EnVision
Sias Ixion	PAA/ Peak Robotics ProNEDx series	<b>Peelers &amp; Piercers</b>	PerkinElmer LumiLux
<b>Lid Handler</b>	Precise Automation PreciseFlex PF400	Agilent Microplate Seal Piercer	PerkinElmer Operetta
CyBio CoverStore	PTM gripper	Brandel RS-3000	PerkinElmer (Wallac) Viewlux
CyBio Vacuum Delid Station	<b>Microplate Handlers</b>	H+J Bioanalytik Robopierce	Tecan Infinite 200 PRO
<b>Dispensers</b>	Staubli TX robots	KBiosystems K-Pierce	Sophion Qube
Biotek MultiFlo	CyBio® Carry	Brooks/ NEXUS XPeel	Syntenec NyOne
Biotek MicroFill	<b>Microplate Storage</b>	Brooks/ REMP APP	Tecan Safire
CyBio® NanoJet	Agilent Labware Stacker	<b>Plate Washer</b>	Tecan Safire 2
CyBio® Drop series	Agilent Minihub	Biotek ELx405 series	Tecan Spectra Fluor
CyBio® Argon Dispenser	Agilent Platehub	Biotek EL 406 series	Tecan Spectra Fluor Plus
Labcyte Deerac LX	CyBio® Stacker	Biotek 405 LS	Tecan Ultra
Thermo Multidrop combi	CyBio® QuadStack	Biotek 405 Touch	Tecan Ultra Evolution
Thermo Multidrop combi nL	CyBio® Tower	Molecular Devices Embla 96/384 Washer	Tecan Ultra FLT
Thermo Multidrop micro 384	Inheco Incubator Shaker	Tecan PW-384	TTP Labtech Acumen
Thermo Wellmate	Inheco HeatPAC	<b>Measurement System</b>	Wallac MicroBetaTriLux
Deerac Latitude		AssayMetrics Fluospec FL	TTP Labtech ameon®
		Biotek Synergy series	Yokogawa Cell Voyager CV 7000S
		Biotek Epoch	Bruker rapiflex™
		BMG FLUOstar Optima	Bruker autoflex™
			BMG PheraStar FSX

# Device List/Supported Instruments

<b>Shakers</b>	Roche LightCycler 480 System	Analytik Jena I/O control	Sony video monitoring
H+P Variomag Teleshake	Roche LightCycler 1536 System	ISMATEC pumps	Tecan Cavro Syringes
H+P Variomag Thermoshake	Analytik Jena qTower <sup>3</sup> auto	Logitech video monitoring	Vacuubrand 2/4/10 vario
Q.Instruments Bioshake elm series	<b>Other</b>	MéCour thermal towers	WERMA KombiSign signal towers
<b>Thermal Cycler</b>	ADAM CPWplus balances	MicroSonic sensors	Zaxis VMP
Biometra TRobot Thermocycler	CMOS Cap Detection Analysis System	Millipore Vacuum Filtration Station	
Clemens Primus Robot	Analytik Jena collision sensors	Moduloplate Scale	

Beside the listed devices, we are committed to developing new plugins for instruments of your choice.

## Technical Data

System requirements	
Operating system	Microsoft Windows XP SP3; Microsoft Windows Vista SP2; Microsoft Windows 8
Minimum monitor resolution	1024 x 768 pixel, 24 Bit Colors
Additional hardware	CD (only for installation) Network adapter (only for distributed installations) RS232 ports (depending on installed devices)

### Headquarters

Analytik Jena AG  
Konrad-Zuse-Str. 1  
07745 Jena · Germany

Phone +49 36 41 77 70  
Fax +49 36 41 77 9279  
info@analytik-jena.com  
www.analytik-jena.com

Pictures: Analytik Jena AG  
Subjects to changes in design and scope of delivery as well as further technical development!